

# INSTRUCTIONS TO GOV. TAFT. For His Guidance in Dealing With The Vatican. CONTROLLING PRINCIPLES.

One's Complete Separation of Church  
And State—No Modification of  
This Can Be Discussed.

Washington, June 6.—Secy. Root today sent to the Philippine committees of the senate and house textual copies of the instructions given by him to Gov. Taft for his guidance in dealing with the Vatican respecting the acquisition of the United States of the Philippines.

These instructions were exhibited yesterday by Gov. Taft to the Vatican officials, and as will be perceived from their context, served the purpose of credentials. The text follows:

"May 9, 1902. Sir—It is now apparent that Congress will not have acted upon the Philippine commission's recommendations regarding the purchase of the Philippines before time for your departure for Manila, which cannot be longer delayed. You cannot, therefore, as we had hoped, receive definite instructions and proceed to take such steps, in the absence of specific authority from Congress, as should properly be taken before your return to Manila. The committees of both houses have, however, reported favorably upon the commission's recommendation, and it appears probable that Congress will confirm their action. In view, therefore, of the critical situation of this subject in the Philippines and of the apparent impossibility of disposing of the matter there by negotiation with the Philippine authorities, the president

does not feel at liberty to lose the opportunity for effective action afforded by your presence in the west.

"He wishes you to take the subject up tentatively with the ecclesiastical superiors who must ultimately determine the course of action, and endeavor to reach at least a basis of negotiations along lines which will be satisfactory to them and to the Philippine government, accompanied by a full understanding on both sides of the case, and the views and purposes of the parties to the negotiations, so that when Congress shall have acted, the business may proceed to a conclusion without delay.

"You are accordingly authorized, in the course of your return journey to Manila, to visit Rome and there ascertain what church authorities have the power to negotiate and determine upon a sale of the lands of the religious orders in the Philippine islands, and if you find, as we are informed, that the officers of the church at Rome have such power and authority, you will endeavor to obtain the results above indicated. Any negotiations you may enter upon are always subject to granting of power by Congress to follow the negotiations by binding action. In any negotiations and negotiations you will bear in mind the following points, which are deemed to be fundamental, and which should be fully and frankly stated to the other side in the negotiations:

"1. One of the controlling principles of our government is the complete separation of church and state, with the entire freedom of either from any control or interference by the other. This is imperative wherever American jurisdiction extends, and no modification or shading thereof can be a subject of discussion.

"2. It is necessary to deal now with the results of establishing a government controlled by this principle in the Philippine islands, which have for centuries been governed under an entirely different system with church and state closely united and having functions of the one exercised by agents of the other; where the church has long controlled and acted virtually as the agent of the state in the field of public instruction and public charities and has from time to time acquired large properties held by it or by its subordinate corporations or officers for these public uses. A novel situation has been created, under which the adjustment of the one to the other is a subject of the utmost importance, and the separation of church and state requires to be followed by a readjustment and rearrangement in the interests both of church and of state,

and for the attainment of the great ends of civil government, of education, of morality and of religion.

"3. By reason of the separation the religious orders can no longer perform in behalf of the state the duties in relation to public instruction and public charities formerly resting upon them, and the power which they formerly exercised, through their relations to the civil government, being now withdrawn, they find themselves the objects of such hostility on the part of their tenants against them as landlords and on the part of the people of the parishes against them as representatives of the former government, that they are no longer capable of serving any useful purpose for the church. No rents can be collected from the popular communities occupying their lands unless it be by the intervention of civil government with armed force. Speaking generally for several years past the friars, formerly installed over the parishes have been unable to remain at their posts and are collected in Manila with the vain hope of returning.

"They will not be voluntarily accepted again by the people and cannot be restored to their possessions except by forcible intervention on the part of the civil government, which the principles of our government forbid. It is manifest that under these conditions it is for the interest of the church, as well as of the state that the landed proprietorship, of the religious orders in the Philippine islands should cease, and that if the church wishes, as of course it does, to continue its ministrations among the people of the islands and conduct in its own behalf a system of instruction, with which we have no objection to interfere, it should seek other agents thereof.

"4. It is the wish of our government, in case Congress shall give the necessary authority, that the titles of the religious authorities to the large tracts of lands which they now hold shall be extinguished, but that full and fair compensation shall be made therefor.

"5. It is not, however, deemed to be for the interest of the people of the Philippine islands that in thus transferring wholly unproductive tracts of land into money capable of productive investment, a fund should thereby be created to be used for the attempted restoration of the friars to the parishes from which they are now separated, with the consequent disturbances of law and order.

"6. The titles to the great amount of church lands and buildings in the islands, other than those of the religious orders and now apparently owned by private individuals, should be settled fairly.

"7. Provision should be made for as-

certaining what rentals, if any, ought to be paid for convents and other church buildings which have been occupied by United States troops during the insurrection, this being, of course, subject to further specific action by Congress.

"8. The rights and obligations remaining under the various specific trusts for education and charity, which are now in doubt and controversy ought to be settled by agreement, if possible, rather than by the slow and frequently disastrous processes of litigation, so that the beneficent purposes of these foundations may not fail.

"9. Your errand will not be in any sense or degree diplomatic in its nature, but will be purely a business matter of negotiation by you as governor of the Philippines for the purchase of property from the owners thereof, and the settlement of lands in such a manner as to contribute to the best interests of the people of the islands.

"Any assistance which you may desire whether on the part of the officers of the civil government or of military officers to enable you to perform the duties above described in manner satisfactory to yourself, will be afforded; but the business is left entirely in your hands, subject to such action as may be taken pursuant to law upon your report.

Very respectfully,  
"ELIHU ROOT,  
"Secretary of War."

"WM. H. TAFT,  
"Civil Governor of the Philippines,  
Washington, D. C."

Taft Authorized No Interview.

New York, June 7.—Maj. Porter was again the object of the kindest attention when he went to Cardinal Rampolla to deliver the text of Gov. Taft's address to the pontiff for Cardinal Rampolla's consideration, and that of the Philippine question, cables the Rome correspondent of the Tribune. Judge Taft, although no remark had been made by the vatican charged Maj. Porter to inform Cardinal Rampolla that he had not authorized an interview which appeared Wednesday. The delicacy of Judge Taft was much appreciated and increased his popularity.

Later Cardinal Rampolla went to the hotel to return the visit of Judge Taft, but finding him absent, left his card.

Panic in Japanese Exchanges.

Yokohama, June 7.—The sudden action of the Japanese government in increasing the minimum of capitalization and imposing other salutary restrictions upon the stock exchanges of the country has caused a panic on the stock exchange here. Stocks have dropped heavily and all securities shared in the decline.

# CONDITIONS ON ST. VINCENT Captain Berry Says They Are Worse Than at Martinique. OPINIONS OF SCIENTISTS.

Hill Says Months Will Be Required  
For Final Decisions—Russell Thinks  
Peleee Will Be Another Vesuvius.

New York, June 7.—Capt. Barry of the cruiser Dixie, just returned from bearing supplies to the volcano victims in the West Indies, said regarding conditions in the islands: "Conditions are not as bad on Martinique as on St. Vincent, because on Martinique the people are fairly well supplied with everything and there is no danger in future eruptions. Only a small area of twelve square miles has been devastated but on St. Vincent the destruction extends over a third of the island. Plantations, orchards and everything have been ruined and the means of subsistence have been taken away from the people and thousands have been left in need of some kind of support."

Of the scientific results of the Dixie's expedition, Prof. J. C. Russell of the University of Michigan said: "The overheated rock, bursting against the water near the base of the mountain, caused superheated steam and burst the mountain open."

Prof. Hill, who investigated the outbreak for the government, said: "Months will be required for the final scientific decisions. We have had an eminently satisfactory trip. The rocks and volcanic matter which we have collected must be cut into sections and analyzed before we can give extended opinions for publication."

Prof. Hill advocates the establishment of scientific observatories in the Caribbean district for the detection of the imminence of volcanic eruptions, so that the human life may be saved—a scientific institution, easily and economically founded and maintained.

"I think Pelee will smoke and remain active for months," said Prof. Russell. "It probably will be a case of Vesuvius again. I hardly think Pelee will smoulder and blow up in one gigantic explosion. I believe it will quiet down and gradually die away. A new lake will form in the crater, tropical verdure will grow where there is now nothing but gray ash."

"The people will build new villages and towns at its foot and again hold their holiday picnics on its side and Pelee will remain quiet for probably 50 or 60 years. There should be at least a seismograph in every volcano—an instrument which records the tremors of the earth."

"It was operated by the Chinese centuries ago. The instrument would give the populace ample warning."

"The seismograph at Vesuvius for 35 years has done satisfactory and valuable work."

"There is absolutely no occasion for such tremendous loss of life as occurred at St. Vincent."

"I do not think Fort de France is in much danger from the volcano, but I do think she is in danger from a tidal wave, in volcanic districts these tidal waves are frequent occurrences. They are caused by a sudden upheaval of the sea bottom."

"In case of such an upheaval Fort de France would surely be wiped out."

"As a safety position from tidal waves, Morne Rouge is finely situated as it is built on a high ridge. It is about the only town in the volcanic district so situated."

# DREADFUL CATARRH

FULLY 70% OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE SUFFER WITH THIS DREAD DISEASE IN SOME FORM OR OTHER. IT IS THE GREAT AMERICAN CURSE FROM THE CRADLE TO THE GRAVE. HOW FOOLISH TO SUFFER WHEN DR. SHORES & SONS, THE CATARRH EXPERTS, HAVE PROVIDED THEIR ABILITY TO CURE CATARRH IN ALL ITS FORMS—BY THOUSANDS OF YOUR FRIENDS AND NEIGHBORS.

## \$3—CATARRH IS NO RESPECTER OF PERSONS.—\$3.

It affects the sleeping baby—the little one tosses and moans, sleeps with the mouth open, gasps for breath, has running nose—and suffers untold agony, because the parents don't realize its trouble is catarrh, and can be cured.

## A Strong Endorsement.



A. MAILLARD, 146 East Second South Street, Salt Lake City.

The schoolchildren complain of headaches, sore eyes, are cross and peevish and restless at night—many wearing glasses—and the parents never realize until too late that it is CATARRH AND IS CURABLE. The old folks find their sight failing too soon, feel themselves growing old before their time—hawk and spit, have nasty taste in the mouth, coated tongue, no appetite—splitting headaches, and approaching Deafness, and they never stop to think IT IS CATARRH IN ITS MOST DANGEROUS FORM, AND YET CAN BE CURED!

## \$3—DRS. SHORES CURE CATARRH TO STAY CURED—\$3.

And to emphasize this fact, Drs. Shores will treat all who apply to them in person or by letter during June, with Catarrh in any form, for the low fee of \$3 a month, all medicines free. No matter how bad your case may be, no matter how many organs are affected by Catarrh, \$3 pays the bill for one whole month if you apply this month.

## \$3.00 A MONTH BY MAIL.

No one need be deprived of the advantages of this SPECIAL OFFER because of living away from the city. WRITE DR. SHORES AT ONCE, if you cannot call, FOR THEIR SYMPTOM LIST AND QUESTION BLANKS, and take advantage of Drs. Shores' SPECIAL OFFER TO CURE CATARRH AND ALL CATARRHAL CHRONIC DISEASES FOR THE LOW FEE OF \$3 A MONTH! NO OTHER CHARGE OR EXPENSE. ALL MEDICINES FREE. This special offer goes into effect at ONCE, and holds good to ALL WHO APPLY THIS MONTH. CALL OR WRITE. CONSULTATION FREE, WHETHER YOU TAKE TREATMENT OR NOT. DO NOT DELAY. APPLY NOW.

## \$3—A MONTH—\$3

ALL MEDICINES FREE  
FOR ALL CATARRHAL DISEASES.  
WE TREAT AND CURE

CATARRH and all diseases of the Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Nerves, Skin, Brain, and all Chronic diseases of men, women and children. OUR HOME TREATMENT CURES. Write for symptom list. Consultation FREE.

If you suffer from any of the weaknesses or disorders caused by ignorance of Catarrh—YOU ARE THE VERY PERSON WE WANT TO TALK TO. We have proved our skill in curing all CHRONIC diseases by publishing thousands of voluntary testimonials of home people giving names, pictures and addresses.

WE CAN'T PUBLISH OUR CURES IN PRIVATE PUBLICATIONS. Because it would betray confidences. Hence we have to prove our skill in curing all cases of troubles in another way. This is our plan:

PAY WHEN CURED.

Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.; evenings 7 to 9; Sundays and Holidays, 10 to 12.

DRS. SHORES & SONS, Expert Specialists, LYON BLOCK, 56 West 2nd St., SALT LAKE CITY.

# R. K. THOMAS DRY GOODS CO.

## MONDAY, JUNE 9th, AND WEEK

### Special Sale on Choice

# WASH DRESS GOODS

- 25 pieces Mercerized Zephyrs, regular price 25c per yard, this sale, per yard . . . . . 16<sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>c
- 50 pieces Figured Batiste, regular price 10c per yard, this sale, per yard . . . . . 5c
- 100 pieces Lawns and Dimities, up to 20c per yard, this sale, per yard . . . . . 10c
- 75 Pieces Fancy Gingham, regular price 10c per yard, this sale . . . . . 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c
- 40 pieces Figured Sateens, regular price 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c per yard, this sale . . . . . 6<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c

# R. K. THOMAS DRY GOODS CO.

## BURIED UNDER A MASS OF LAVA.

San Francisco, June 6.—Another city in Central America has suffered almost complete destruction and hundreds of its inhabitants have been killed by volcanic eruptions.

The steamer Palena, which arrived today from southern ports, brings the news that the town of Retalhuleu, situated at the foot of Mont Tacuna in Guatemala, has been buried under a mass of lava, stones and ashes thrown from the volcanic crater, and probably 1,000 people have perished.

The volcano is about 35 miles from Champanico, and near the town of Tapachula, which, it is believed, also suffered severely. The eruption occurred several days before the Palena arrived at Champanico.

## GOV. WOODS' SALARY.

Secy. Root Says It Was Fifteen Thousand per Annum.

Washington, June 6.—A letter from the secretary of war appears in the report submitted today by Chairman Hull of the house military committee adverse to the resolution of Mr. Bartlett of Georgia, asking for information as to the compensation paid Gen. Wood while governor-general of Cuba. Secy. Root states that Secy. Alger made an allowance to Gen. Brooke out of the revenues of Cuba of \$7,500 a year, and continued:

"There has been no change since that time, except that when Gen. Wood's commission as major-general of volunteers expired, I made an order for further allowance, equal to the difference between the salary of a major-general and brigadier-general, so as to keep his total compensation at the same figure, the combined compensation received as an officer of the army and as governor of Cuba being always \$15,000 per annum. I see that the Cuban congress has voted that Mr. Palma's salary shall be \$25,000."

Secy. Root says that this has been fully made known to Congress in former reports and neither house has

## A BIG EARNER.

Good Food Pays Better Than Any Other Investment.

Money put into properly selected food that brings health and maintains it is better invested than any other way.

A man who had spent hundreds of dollars in medicines to try and get well writes that the past year he has used 156 packages of Grape-Nuts. He says, "Several years ago I had two severe shocks of paralysis, bringing on general nervous debility. I was not able to do work of any kind for several years.

I doctored hundreds of dollars away. About a year ago I began using Grape-Nuts. Breakfast food and have so steadily gained in strength and health that since last July I have worked every day at collecting for a large company, walking several miles a day and have not enjoyed better health for over 20 years than I do now. I am able to use all kinds of food but do not eat much besides Grape-Nuts and Postum Food Coffee." W. F. Albro, 207 Chestnut St., Scranton, Pa.

Don't overlook the recipe book in each package of Grape-Nuts.

## Big Fire in Pueblo.

Pueblo, Colo., June 6.—Fire, which raged all afternoon in the Prudential Insurance company's fine new four-story building, burned out the upper two floors and contents and soaked those of the other two. The National Biscuit company, which occupied the larger section as a warehouse, lost \$20,000, and the damage to the building is \$20,000. The total loss of \$100,000 is fairly well insured. The fire is supposed to have been started by the explosion of a gasoline attachment of one of the machines in the biscuit company's extensive candy factory. Chief Bradford had the tendons of one hand severed amid the showers of breaking glass. The building was completed only three months ago, and cost \$55,000.

## British Railroads Behind Times.

Liverpool, June 6.—Replying to a toast to his health, at a luncheon in connection with the chamber of commerce here today, Jules Boyle, the United States consul at Liverpool said it would be a sorrowful day when either the United States or Great Britain depend on combination, even though headed by J. Pierpont Morgan.

The English railroads, Mr. Boyle also said, were 50 years behind not only those of America, but the leading continental lines.

## Big Fortune For Chas. Hill's Heirs.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 6.—A fortune of \$142,000 in cash awaits the heirs of the man who passed under the name of Charles Hill and who died at the Good Samaritan hospital two weeks ago.

About three weeks ago the man, who is between 75 and 80 years old applied at the hospital for accommodations. He was taken in and paid for all the services rendered. When it was found that he could not recover, he was asked to tell the names of his relatives in order that they might be notified. He replied that he had not a relative on earth. He died and was duly buried. In his clothing was found \$2,000 in currency. Further investigation by the public administrator disclosed a key to a private box at the Union Bank of Savings. The box has just been opened and in it were found several large packages of currency, aggregating \$142,000.

The old man had lived here seven years in a modest sort of way at lodging houses and restaurants, but had no intimates and no one can be found who knows anything of his antecedents.

## French Praise for America.

Paris, June 7.—In an article this morning on the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the Hochambau monument in Washington, the Gaulois says:

"One must indeed be ill acquainted with the American nation to suppose it would lend itself to diplomatic courtesy with so much effusion when its heart is not in the matter. The manifestations in honor of France are all the more characteristic in that they come upon the morrow of the visit to the United States of Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia, and that they follow the movement of indignation against Great Britain which was aroused by the Transvaal war."

"It is important," concludes the Gaulois, "that we should not allow the cordial hand which is extended to us from across the ocean to fall ungrasped."

## To Protect Men's Rights.

Chicago, June 7.—The writ of injunction is indispensable to protect men's

## Pelee's Power Seen in Galveston.

Galveston, Texas, June 7.—Mont Pelee on the island of Martinique has sent evidence of its power to Galveston, several pieces of pumice stone have been found on the beach here. County Clerk Clement Kubel, a local astronomer and geologist, states that about May 15, he noticed the odor of whale oil. At the time he believed that possibly the explosion of the volcano on Martinique had killed many fish and probably several whales, and they had floated westward, giving off the odor noticed by him. Since then his theory has been further confirmed by the discovery of whales and fish floating on the water between here and the volcanic islands.

## A MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY.

New Orleans Custom House Authorities Are Dealing with Him.

New Orleans, June 7.—The New Orleans custom house authorities are dealing with a man without a country. On Wednesday the Norwegian steamship John Wilson, Capt. W. Hanson, arrived here from Bluefield, Nicaragua. Among the cabin passengers was Fong Jung, a Chinaman. He lived in Nicaragua several years and was fairly well to do.

According to the United States immigration laws he was not allowed to land. According to the laws of Nicaragua he was not allowed to return after having once left.

Fong Jung is deemed to sail back and forth between New Orleans and Bluefield until the John Wilson's captain meets a ship at sea whose master will consent to take the Chinaman off his hands.

## Large Prices for Pictures.

New York, June 7.—At the Hotel Roudout a sale of pictures by Hargraves realized large prices, says a Herald dispatch from Pretoria. The following were the principal ones:

"La Pluie," \$7,900.  
"La Sortie de l'Eglise," A. Chatelet, \$5,600.  
"Les Laveuses," \$3,100.  
"Les Ruines du Chateau D'Herrison" (Allier), \$10,500.  
"La Riviere Herrison (Allier), \$5,100.

## President Notified of Peace.

Washington, June 7.—Mr. Raikes, the British charge of embassy here verbally acquainted President Roosevelt with the conclusion of peace between the British and the Boers. The president in response requested Mr. Raikes to convey to King Edward his sincere congratulations on the termination of the war.

## Continuous Steamship Line.

San Francisco, June 7.—What will be practically a continuous steamship line from this port to New York will be effected by the execution of plans under consideration by the Compania Sud-Americana de Vapores, a Chilean corporation. At present the company is op-

## Leonard Case Heir Found.

New York, June 7.—Miss Lizzie Case, of Ossining, N. Y., has received word that she is one of the heirs of the late Leonard Case, Sr., the Cleveland, O., millionaire.

Since his death, the estate has been the subject of legal investigation but no satisfactory results could be obtained because the old family Bible, containing certain names, could not be found.

The book is now said to have been found in an old barn loft on the Scarskading farm near Ossining.

Of what does a bad taste in your mouth remind you? It indicates that your stomach is in bad condition and will remind you that there is nothing so good for such a disorder as Chamberlain's Stomach & Liver Tablets after having once tried them. They cleanse and invigorate the stomach and regulate the bowels. For sale at 25c cents per box by all druggists.

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SPECIAL REDUCTIONS  
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Baby Carriages,  
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CALL NEXT WEEK.

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In a word,  
A GENERAL STORE  
PRICES RIGHT.  
13th Ward Store,  
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